

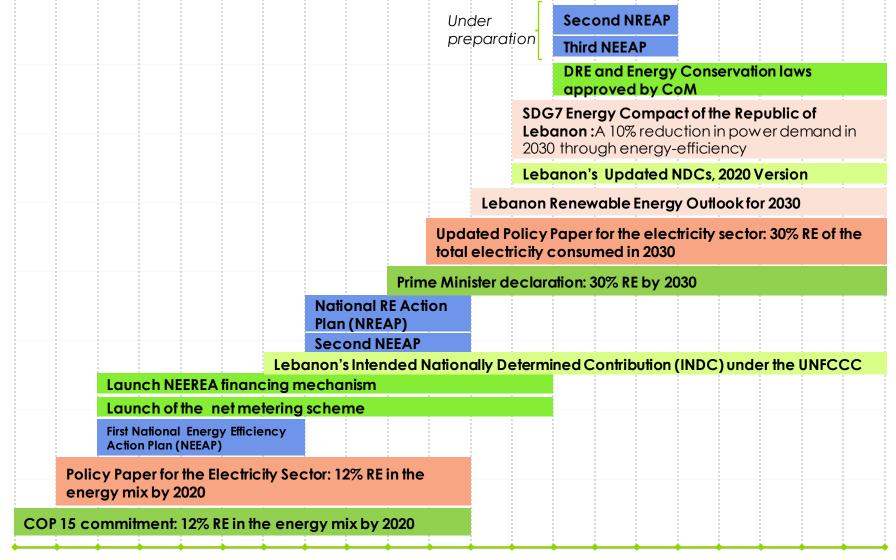
Lebanon



Policy instruments to steer climate friendly buildings in



Policy Framework



2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030







Introduction

NEEAP Evaluation

Evaluate the building specific measures of NEEAP 2016-2020

Develop recommendations for the next Lebanese NEEAP (2021-2025)

Impact assessment of policy packages







Evaluate the building specific measures of NEEAP 2016-2020







Main outcomes of the NEEAP II Evaluation



Technical and institutional capacity is strong



Lack of regulations in the electricity sector



Lack of awareness related to EE technologies, high upfront investments and missing standards







Develop recommendations for the next Lebanese NEEAP (2021-2025)







Recommendations for NEEAP 2021-2025

Package 1: Get the basics right	Package 2: High performance	
Measures with low investment	More advanced measures	
Good effectiveness on energy savings	High energy savings	
Fast payback period	More financial resources	
Basis for more ambitious measures	Greater barriers	







Recommendations for NEEAP 2021-2025

Package 1: Get the basics right	Package 2: High performance
Optimization of existing systems	Mandatory standards for energy efficiency in new constructions
Information and training on financing EE projects	Improving energy efficiency in public buildings
Mandatory standards for energy-efficient equipment	(Financial) incentives for energy efficiency
Awareness raising and training for EE in buildings	Research & Development







Impact assessment of policy packages







Impact assessment calculation tool

Structure and methodology



Building stock (GOBUS model)

- Building stock size
- Building stock growth rate per year [%/a]
- New construction rate [% of building stock per year]
- Demolition rate rate [% of building stock per year]

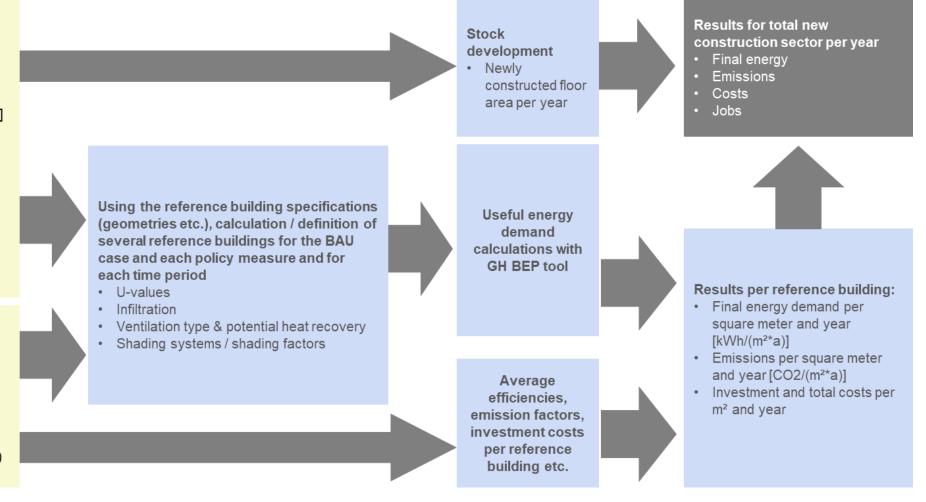
General inputs

- · BAU u-values today in new constructions
- BAU HVAC system distribution in new constructions
- Reference building
- · System / technology costs
- · Energy costs per kWh
- Primary energy and emission factors



Policy measures / bundles

- Description of each policy measure
- Estimation for each policy measure regarding impact on increased building envelope and a potential redistribution of HVAC systems in new construction per time period (three in total)
- Share of all new constructions the measure is reaching / affecting per time period (three in total)









Defined policy packages

Information and training on financing energy efficiency projects (Code: PB_02)

Mandatory standards for energy efficient equipment

(Code: PB_03)

Mandatory standards for energy efficiency in new constructions (Code: PB_06)

(Financial) incentives for energy efficiency (Code: PB_08)

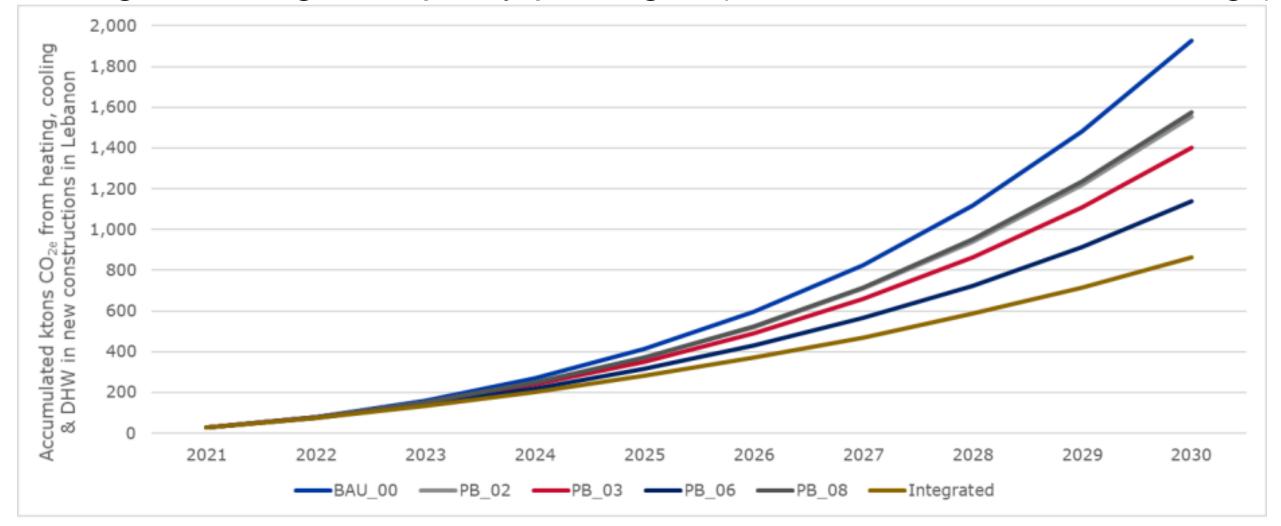






Results

Savings resulting from policy packages (accumulated emission savings)









Results

Savings resulting from policy packages

Policy package	Reductions in Final energy demand	Reduction in Accumulated emissions from newly constructed buildings 2021-2030 in 2030
Information and training on financing energy efficiency projects (Code: PB_02)	27%	19%
Mandatory standards for energy efficient equipment (Code: PB_03)	31%	27%
Mandatory standards for energy efficiency in new constructions (Code: PB_06)	56%	41%
(Financial) incentives for energy efficiency (Code: PB_08)	24%	18%
Integrated Module	73%	55%



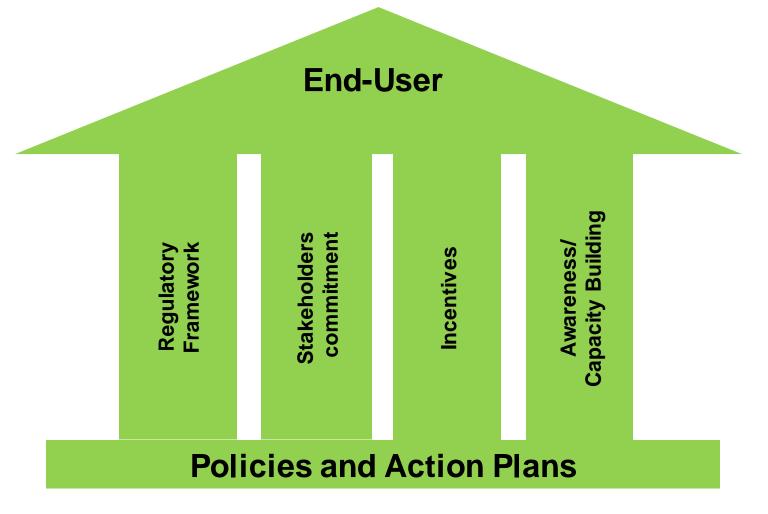




Conclusion

To reach Lebanon's targets and ensure energy security

- Develop and enforce the third NEEAP
- Seek and ensure financing on a national scale
- Develop and enforce laws









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FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION

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METALIONAL STATE (IKI)

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