





BUILD_ME How Energy Performance Certificates (EPCs) Can Accelerate the Development of Zero-Emission Buildings in Lebanon

Beirut Energy Week 2023 Beirut, Lebanon September 2023





Agenda



Introduction to BUILD_ME project



Why EPCs are necessary



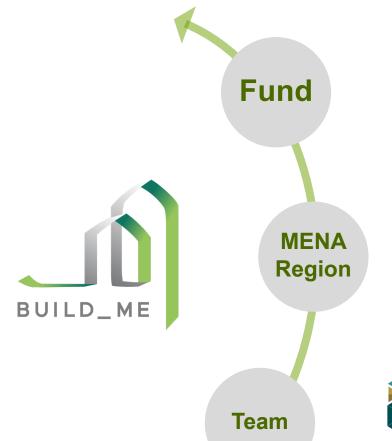
EPC Scheme Overview



Next Steps

















































Overarching storyline of BUILD_ME phases

Phase 1 2016 - 2018



Analysis & Recommendations

- Analysis of boundary conditions and stakeholder perspectives on energy efficiency in the building sector.
- Formulating of recommendations for implementation and accelerating energy efficiency.

Phase 2 2019 - 2022



Prepare the Implementation

- Developing tools for implementation including Building Energy Performance BEP tool and classification schemes for buildings energy efficiency.
- Connecting with stakeholders to initiate the implementation including project developers, financial institutions, and governmental responsible entities.

Phase 3 2022-2025



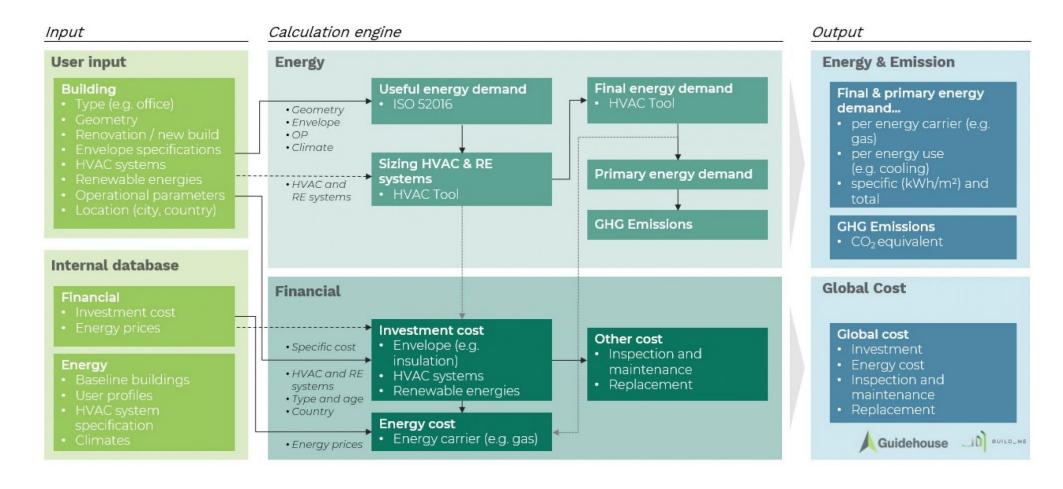
Support the Roll-Out

- Piloting the roll-out to reach implementation on all levels.
- Scaling up activities to enlarge the impact.
- Enabling stakeholders to implement and utilize BUILD_ME Outputs.





Phase 2 Outcomes: Building Energy Performance (BEP) Tool





Phase 2 Outcomes: Building Typology in Lebanon

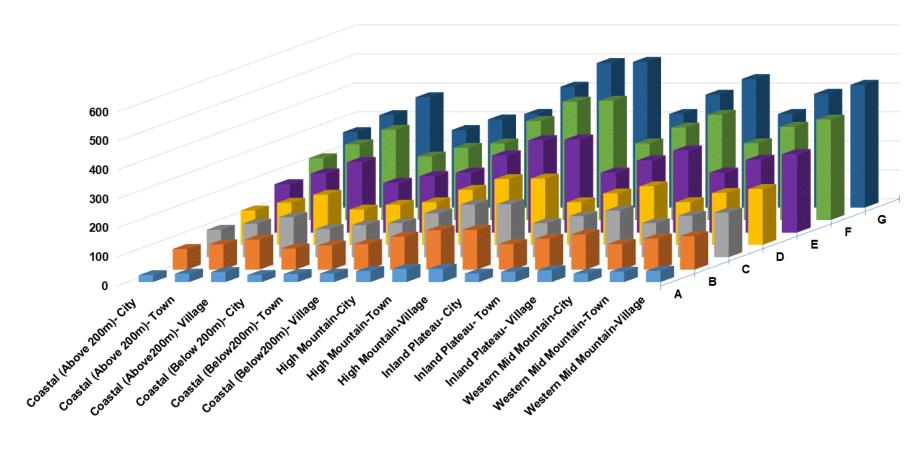
By Facility Type	By Phase	By Region
Single Family Housing (SFH)	Before 1980s	City
Multiple Family Housing (MFH)	Between 1980 and 2015	Town
Office	After 2015	Village
School		
Hospital		
Retail		





Phase 2 Outcomes: Building Typology in Lebanon

Final specific energy consumption of new construction SFH building (kWh/m2.a)







Main Objectives of Phase 3

Investments in energy-efficient buildings by international (and national) banks have increased in

Egypt, Jordan and Lebanon and their **political frameworks for more ambitious GHG savings** in the building sector has been improved









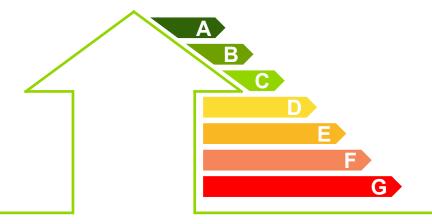


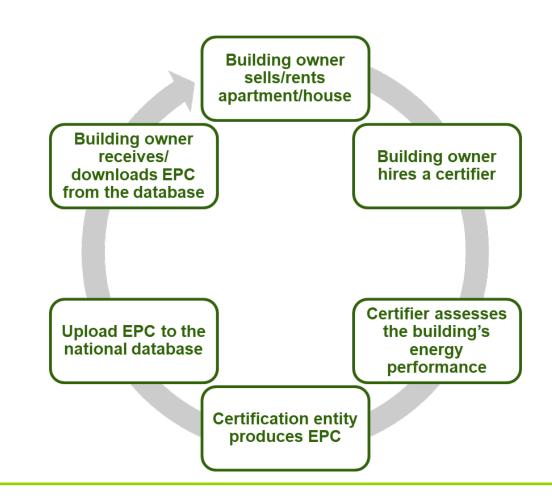


2. Energy Performance Certificates (EPCs)

Definition / How they function?

"Energy performance certificates (EPC) indicate the energy performance of a building or a building unit, calculated according to a methodology complying with the common general framework adopted at the national or regional level" [Source: EPBD]









2. Energy Performance Certificate

Relevance to various stakeholders



Building owners -

- Clear demonstration of the energy performance of the building
- Identification of the cost savings potential
- Helps to plan adequate renovation
- Increment of the market value of energy efficient buildings



Policy makers

- Access to better data on building stock
- Understand the status of the energy performance of buildings stock
- Monitor the impact of financial support schemes and policies
- Better planning of national or region wide policies to improve the energy performance of the building stock



Financial institutions -

- Provides Transparency
- Acts as a basis for decision making
- Helps in own portfolio management





3. EPC Scheme

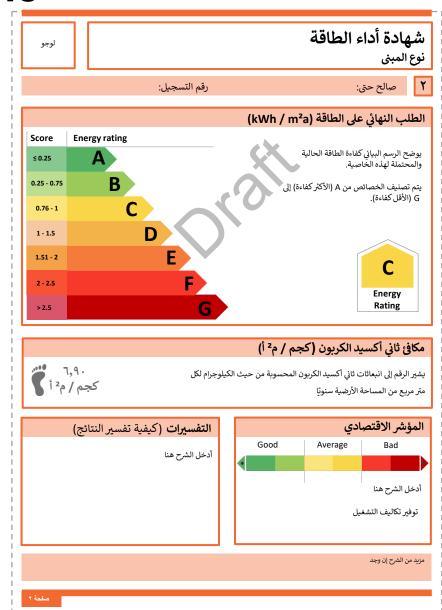
Label Template

Key Inputs

- Building Envelope
- Cooling
- Heating
- Ventilation
- Domestic Hot Water

Key Outputs

- Annual Energy
 Consumption Rate
- Economic Indicator
- Annual CO2
 Emissions Rate









3. EPC Scheme

Roles



EPC Experts

- Run the energy performance simulation using the BEP tool.
- Prepare technical and administrative documents on behalf of the applicant.
- Submit the application and supporting documents to the EPC platform.



Auditors

- Review applications and submitted by EPC Experts.
- Conduct site visits for construction projects.
- Provide feedback (approval/rejection/comments) on the EPC platform.



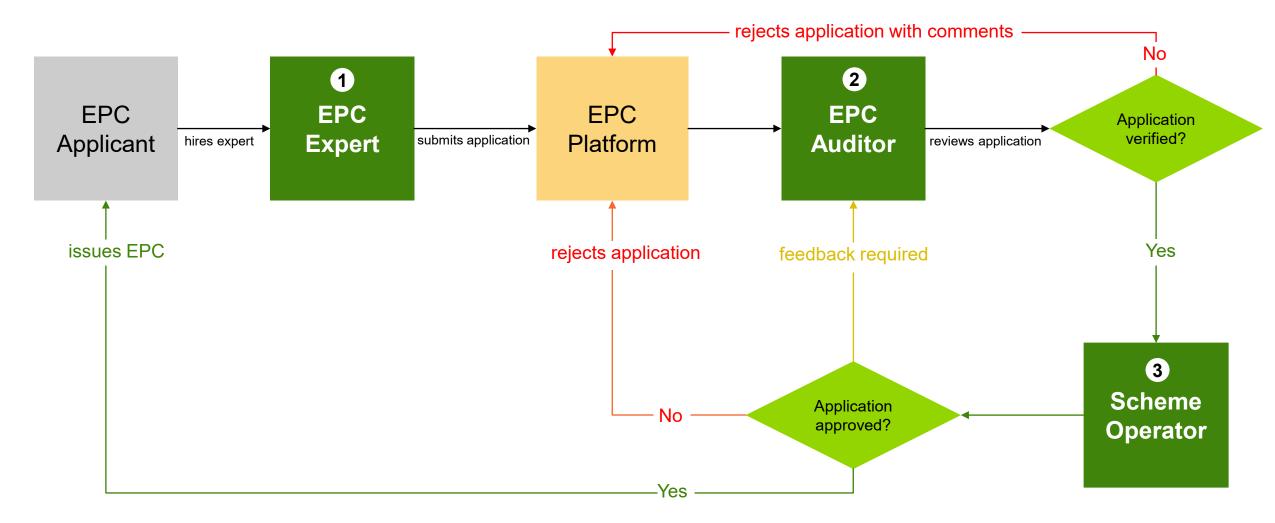
- Develop an effective governance model.
- Maintain a database to record certification results.
- Communicate with the public and stakeholders in the building industry.





3. EPC Scheme

Overview







4. Conclusion

EPCs are underway!

Introducing Energy Performance Certificates (EPCs) in Lebanon will offer the following advantages:

- 1. Enhanced Transparency in the Building Sector's Energy Consumption
- 2. Establishment of a national base system for better policies and planning
- 3. EPCs will boost the cost-effectiveness of energy projects, resulting in financial incentives that promote scalability.



4. Next Steps

Target group specific trainings will be offered on the EPC process







Contact

Ammar Fadlallah

ammar.fadlallah@lcec.org.lb

Dr. Sorina Mortada

sorina.mortada@lcec.org.lb

Eslam Mahdy

eslam.mahdy@guidehouse.com

Riadh Bhar

riadh.bhar@guidehouse.com

www.buildings-mena.com





