

#### | About Egypt GBC





Egypt Green Building Council (Egypt GBC) was founded on November 2012 as a non-for-profit organization. Egypt GBC is a Prospective Member affiliated to the World Green Building Council among a global network of over 70 Green Building Councils and their 32,000 member companies to create green buildings for everyone, everywhere - enabling people to thrive both today and tomorrow.



#### | Egypt GBC Members and Partners



30 Individual Members

Architects, Engineers, University Professors, other disciplines





















### AMERICAS REGIONAL NETWORK































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**WORLD** COUNCIL

















Morocco GBC



Palestine Green Building Council



**QATAR GREEN** 













































CONSEIL NATIONAL POUR















### **Accelerating Solutions**

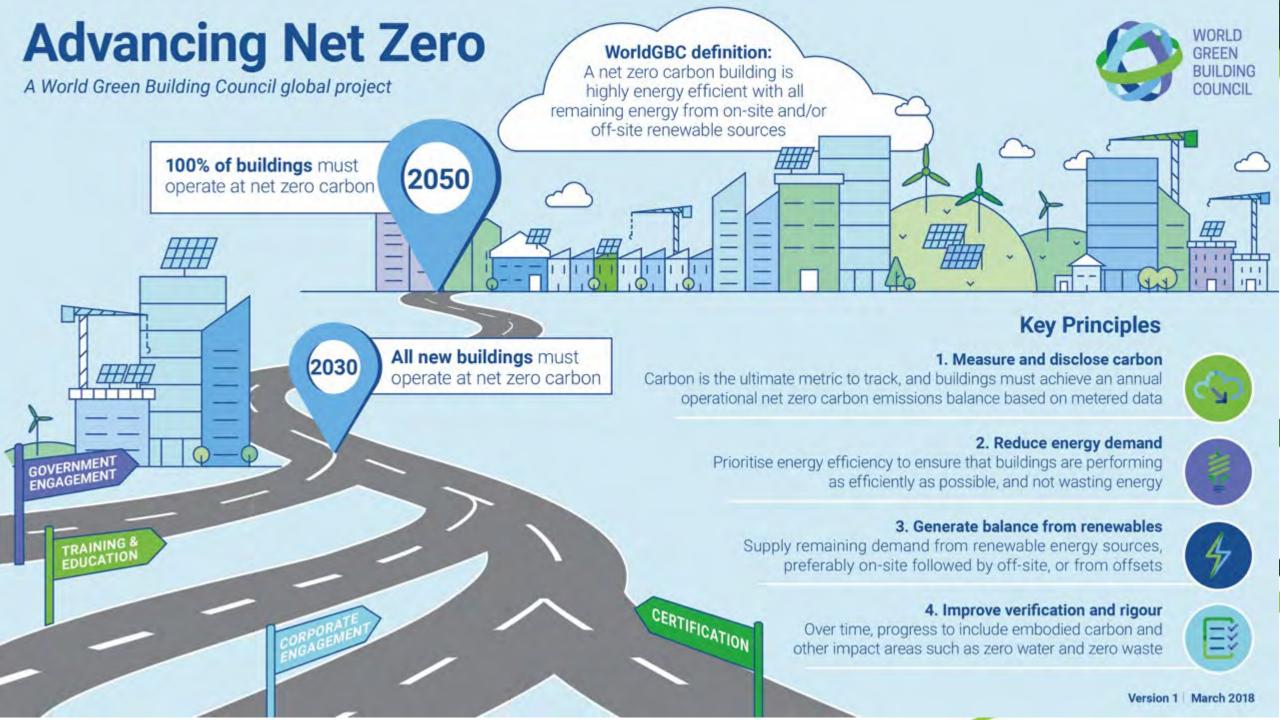
Green Building Councils are independent non-profit organisations made up of businesses and organisations in the building and construction industry.

They bring together industry, government and civil society to facilitate market transformation, positioning buildings as a key response in the fight against climate change.









### **Building Sector in Egypt: Overview**

- Egypt's population exceeds 100 million (CAPMAS, 2020) with close to 65% of Egyptians living in Greater Cairo and the Nile Delta region.
- Egyptian building stock comprises of about **14.7 million buildings** (CAPMAS, 2019):
  - 66% of buildings are in the residential sector, i.e. about 9.7 million buildings.
  - 5.4% are commercial buildings,
  - 6.75% are buildings of combined use for commercial & residential; and
  - 12.5% are unoccupied, 2.24% are closed,
    3.95% under construction.
- Majority of buildings (69%) are in rural areas.





### **Building Sector in Egypt: Economic Importance**

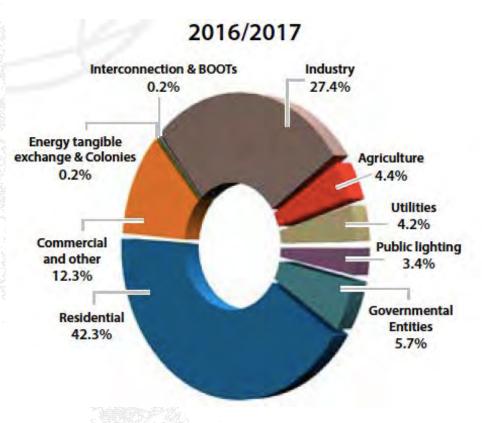


- Role of the private sector in housing construction has become increasingly important, supplying around 68% of formal housing construction (77 billion EGP investments). The remainder of formal construction is done by the public sector.
- Construction sector represents 5% of GDP and employs approximately 11% of the national workforce.
- Construction sector contributes to 48%
   of the total new investments
   (petroleum investment not included).



### **Building Sector in Egypt: Energy Consumptions and GHGs**

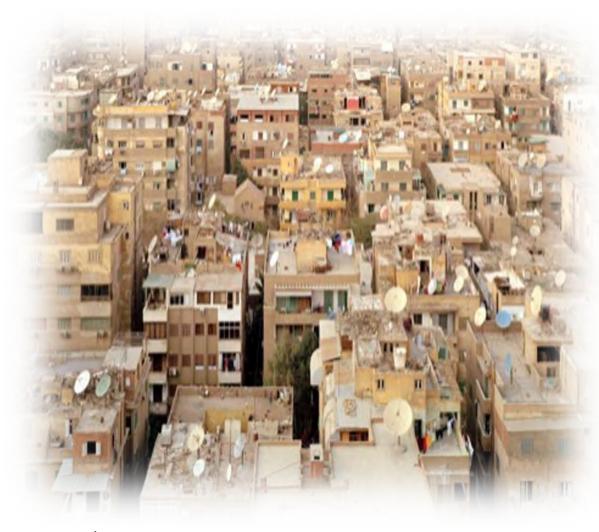
- Almost 60% of the nearly 151,606 GWh of electricity consumed in 2016/17 in Egypt satisfied the demand of residential, commercial, and public buildings.
- Building sector (54,224 GgCO<sub>2e</sub>) accounts for about 17 % of the total GHGs emission of Egypt (BUR, 2019).
- In 2035 the electricity consumption in Egypt by residential, commercial, and public buildings is expected to reach 278,945 GWh, an increase of 1.8 times (Egypt Energy Strategy 2035).



Source: Egyptian Electricity Holding Company



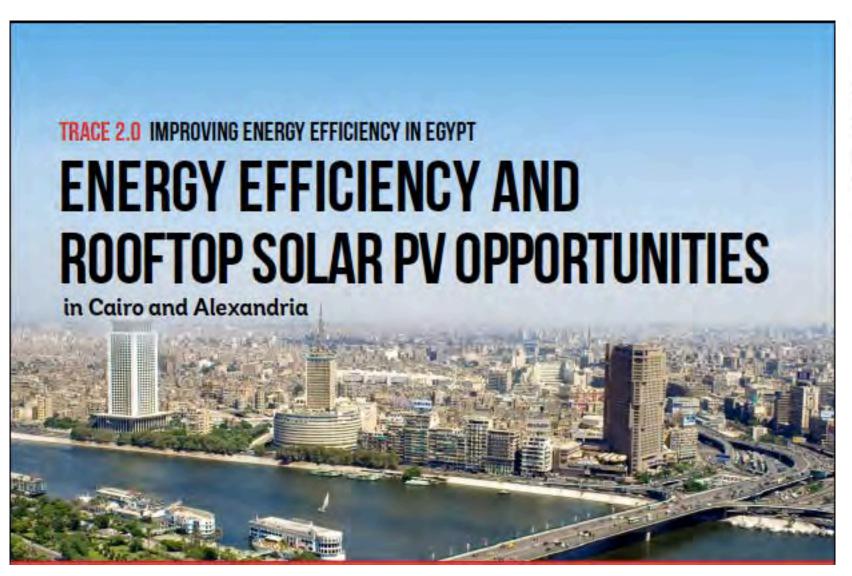
### **Building Sector in Egypt: Main Challenges**



- Between 2006 2017 increase by 45% in number of buildings and extra infrastructure system for about 45 million people in 2040 is needed.
- Concentration of urban population in the two main cities (Cairo and Alexandria). Over concentration of population on 6% of the total area.
- 70% of existing buildings in Egypt are in the informal sector and that over 50% of new housing stock is built informally.
- Simultaneously with an over-supply of more expensive urban housing, there is a shortage of urban housing for low and even middle-income households.
- Deterioration of the built environment and higher energy consumption compared to peer cities.



### Benchmarking: Global



Report No: ACS22504

Arab Republic of Egypt

Egypt Energy Efficiency Implementation

Energy Efficiency and Rooftop Solar PV Opportunities: Report Summary

June 15, 2017

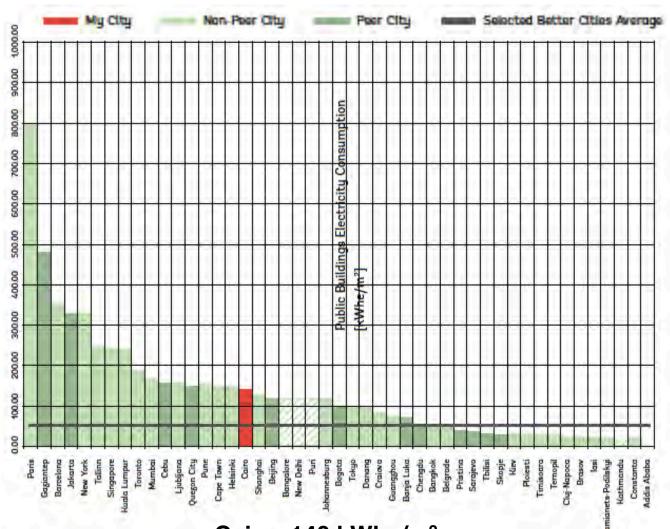


# Benchmarking: Global Al Public Buildings

- Buildings managed and/or owned by municipal, governorate, or national government.
- **345,078** public buildings in Egypt that represent about **3%** of the buildings stock in the country (WB, 2017).
- 11% of the electricity consumed in Egypt in the 2013-2014 period (including utilities).
- Most public buildings are equipped with fans for cooling, and a few have central air conditioning system. Additionally, only a few public buildings are equipped with roof top solar panels to help meet the electricity consumption needs of the buildings.



# Benchmarking: Global A] Public Buildings



EE only:	30 – 50%	25 – 45%	
	Cairo	Alexandria	
kWh Saved	1.241,405,000	511,659,132	
Energy Cost Savings (US\$/year)	99,312,400	40,932,731	
Energy Savings (%)	48%	49%	
CAPEX (US\$)	147.440,000	58,646,575	
Domestic Content of Investments (US\$)	44,232,000	17,593,972	
CO <sub>2</sub> Saving per Year	6,207,025	2,558,296	
Simple Payback (Years)12	1.7	1.4	

<sup>\*</sup> Results in the tables are estimates based on TRACE 2.0 models, and detailed pre-feasibilities are needed to improve the specific accuracy

Cairo: 140 kWhe/m<sup>2</sup>

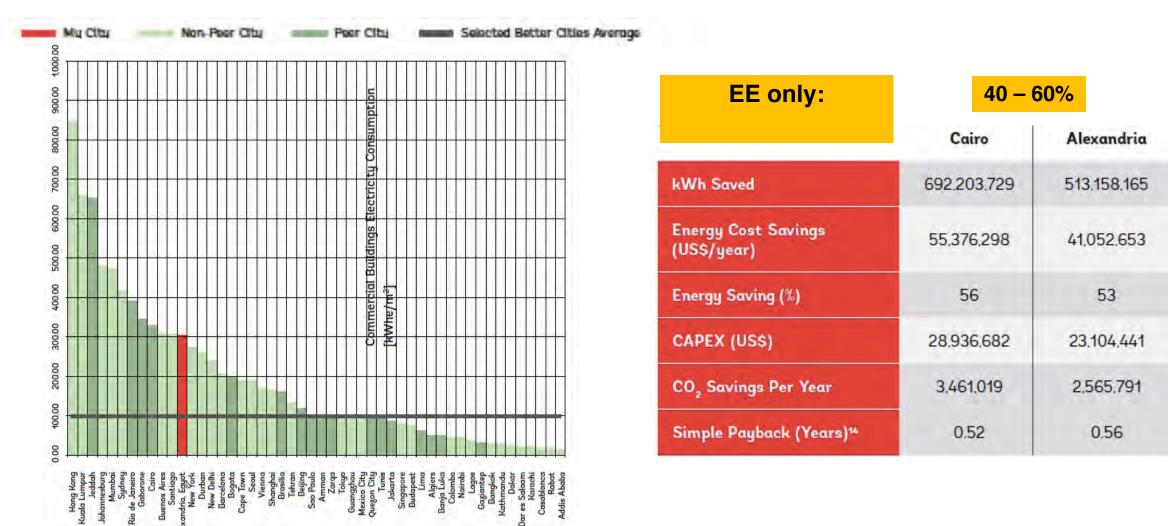
# Benchmarking: Global By Commercial Buildings

- Buildings exclusively used for commercial activities, such malls, hotels, banks, clubs, shops, and office buildings.
- **802,231** commercial buildings in Egypt (doesn't include mixed use) and represent about **5.4%** of the buildings stock in the country (CAPMAS, 2019).
- Consume 18,585 GWh which is **12.3%** of all electricity sold in Egypt.
- About 36% of the total energy consumed in commercial buildings is consumed for lighting, 35-40% for cooling, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) systems, and the rest for other uses.



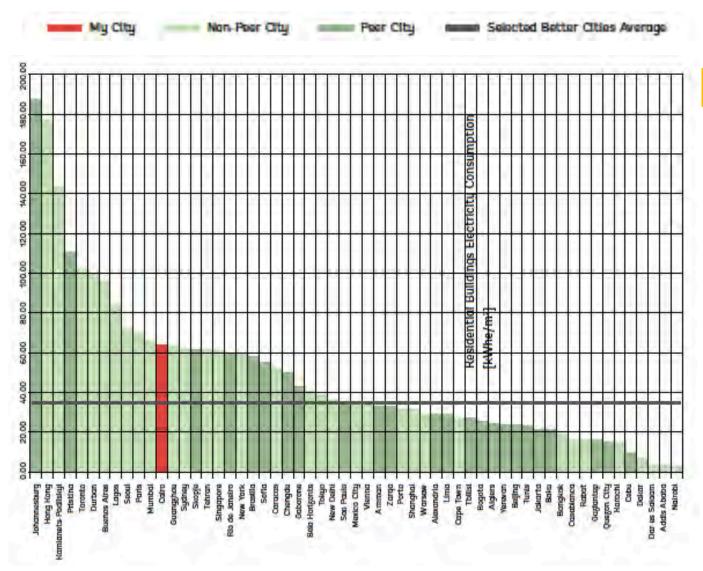


# Benchmarking: Global By Commercial Buildings



Cairo: 328 kWhe/m<sup>2</sup> Alexandria: 306 kWhe/m<sup>2</sup>

# Benchmarking: Global C1 Residential Buildings



#### **EE only:**

Cairo: 64.5 kWhe/m<sup>2</sup>

59%

Alexandria: 60.5 kWhe/m<sup>2</sup>

52%



Source: World Bank/Manuela Mot

# Benchmarking: Local C1 Residential Buildings

### BENCHMARK MODELS FOR AIR CONDITIONED RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS IN HOT HUMID CLIMATE, By Shady Attia and Arnaud Evrard (2013)

- Data was collected from surveying almost 1500 apartments in Egypt.
- Two apartment benchmark models have been constructed representing typical residential buildings in Alexandria, Cairo and Asyut.

Parameter	Cairo	Alexandria	Asyut
Average use of air conditioning yearly	44 - 57%	29 – 49%	57 – 65%
Average yearly energy use per apartments in Typology 1	26.6 kWh/m <sup>2</sup>	22.4 kWh/m <sup>2</sup>	31 kWh/m <sup>2</sup>
Average yearly energy use per apartments in Typology 2	14 kWh/m <sup>2</sup>	11 kWh/m²	18 kWh/m <sup>2</sup>

### Best Practices and Available Tools

- Numerous previous energy efficiency/green buildings initiatives and projects (i.e. NEEAP, UNDP 12 million LED lamps, EGYSOL Solar Water Heaters, EU MED-ENECC, GIZ Green Star Hotel)
- Energy Efficienct Codes for Residential and Commercial Buildings (HBRC)
- Proposed **Buildings Energy Efficiency Ordinance** (UNEP Ministry of Housing RCREE), Mediterranean Investment Facility (MIF). Focus on reducing the cooling needs of buildings through development of an ordinance on the reduction of building's cooling needs, and a financial mechanism to support the adoption of the recommended measures.
- Green Building Rating Systems (voluntary)

### | Green Building Rating Systems

Egypt:

US GBC: Over 40 LEED projects

HBRC: Green Pyramid Rating System

Egypt GBC: TARSHEED (3 certified buildings)













## Award Ceremony of first TARSHEED Certificates (3 buildings) during Arab Sustainability Week, 3 – 6 November 2019





**Project Name:** Guesthouse Residence **Owner:** Royal Herbs Ottoman Group

Designer: ECOnsult Design Co.

Address: El Wahat El Baharia, Western

Desert, Egypt

### **TARSHEED Categories**













#### New Residential Existing Reisdential

0	0	0	Energy		Po	ossible Points:	46	43
Υ			Prerequisite	P01	Energy Management Plan		Required	Required
Υ			Prerequisite	P02	Commissioning		Required	N/A
			Credit	E01	Window-to-Wall Ratio		3	3
			Credit	E02	Reflective Roofing Materials		2	2
			Credit	E03	Reflective Paint for External Walls		3	3
			Credit	E04	External Shading Devices		2	1
			Credit	E05	Roof Insulation		3	3
			Credit	E06	External Walls Insulation		3	1
			Credit	E07	High-Performance Glazing for Windows		4	4
			Credit	E08	Air Tightness		1	1
			Credit	E09	Natural Ventilation		1	1
			Credit	E10	HVAC System Efficiency		0	0
			Credit	E11	Space Heating		2	2
			Credit	E12	Efficient Interior Lighting		4	4
			Credit	E13	Efficient Exterior Lighting		2	2
			Credit	E14	Photovoltaic Systems for Exterior Lighting		2	2
			Credit	E15	Lighting Control Sensors		2	2
			Credit	E16	Heated Water		3	3
			Credit	E17	Pump Motor Efficiency		1	1
			Credit	E18	Energy Metering		1	1
			Credit	E19	Renewable Energy		4	4
			Credit	E20	Vertical Transportation		2	2
			Credit	E21	Innovation and Creativity in Energy Management		1	1

0	0	0	Water		Possible	e Points:	19	19
Υ			Prerequisite	P03	Water Management Plan		Required	Required
			Credit	W01	Water Efficient Landscaping		2	2
			Credit	W02	Irrigation Efficiency		2	2
			Credit	W03	Rainwater and A/C Condensate Harvesting		2	2
			Credit	W04	Greywater Treatement and Reuse		5	5
			Credit	W05	Water Metering		2	2
			Credit	W06	Water Saving Devices		5	5
			Credit	W07	Innovation and Creativity in Water Management		1	1

0	0	0	Habitat		Possible Points:	35	38
Υ			Prerequisite	P04	Construction Activity Pollution Prevention Plan	Required	N/A
Υ			Prerequisite	P05	Solid Waste Management Plan	Required	Required
			Credit	H01	Heat Island Reduction: Reflective Materials For Outdoor Paving	1	1
			Credit	H02	Heat Island Reduction: Shaded Parking and/or Underground Parking	3	3
			Credit	H03	Construction and Demolition Waste Management	5	5
			Credit	H04	Municipal Waste Management	5	5
			Credit	H05	Organic Waste Management	N/A	N/A
			Credit	H06	Local Materials	4	2
			Credit	H07	Recycled Content	4	2
			Credit	H08	Low VOC Materials	5	5
			Credit	H09	Kitchen/ Pollutants Exhaust	2	2
			Credit	H10	Entryway System	1	1
			Credit	H11	Green Roof/ Green Walls	3	3
			Credit	H12	Green Expert	1	1
			Credit	H13	Preventive and Corrective Maintenance	N/A	7
			Credit	H14	Innovation and Creativity in Habitat Design	1	1

0 0 Project Totals (For Certification)	100
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Bronze: 40-49 points, Silver: 50-59 points, Gold: 60-69 points, Platinum: 70+ points





### **TARSHEED Rating Systems**

TARSHEED rating systems starting Edition 2018 have the same three categories, however the requirements are more advanced, where they include:

- Prerequisites (mandatory acts)
- Credits for points achievements
- Four level of certifications
- More stringent requirements that suits the Egyptian market

TARSHEED Certification Levels	Credit Points Achieved
TARSHEED Bronze	40-49 Points
TARSHEED Silver	50-59 Points
TARSHEED Gold	60-69 Points
TARSHEED Platinum	70 Points and Above

### **TARSHEED Rating Systems**

Egypt GBC developed a new initiative to have a new rating system based on Cradle to Cradle approach through full utilization of all natural resources:

- TARSHEED Residential Basic (Edition 2015)
  - New buildings
  - Min 20% savings in all 3 categories
  - "Affordable Buildings"
- TARSHEED Residential Advanced (Edition 2018)
  - New and existing buildings
  - Credits based: 4 certification levels
- TARSHEED Commercial (Edition 2018)
  - New and existing buildings
  - Credits based: 4 certification levels
- TARSHEED Communities (Edition 2018)
  - New and existing communities
  - Credits based: 4 certification levels







### Residential



Commercial



### Communities

### TARSHEED Rating Systems (Cont'd)

 Egypt GBC in the process of developing a new initiative to have a new rating system based on cradle to cradle approach through full utilization of all natural resources:



Schools

- TARSHEED Schools (Edition 2019)
  - New and existing schools
  - Credits based: 4 certification levels



- New and existing buildings
- Credits based: 4 certification levels





Healthcare

### I TARSHEED Certification Process









## THANK YOU



